

GORE, Filtration Products

Case History 1

Silicomanganese

Optimization Potential

The baghouse was originally designed to evacuate 3 furnaces, with the 4th furnace added later. The baghouse was deterring plant productivity and efficiency. Typical problems included: insufficient extraction at the furnaces, heat buildup under the hoods, poor bag filter availability, high emissions and high maintenance costs.

Solution

W. L. Gore & Associates installed GORE® membrane filter bags with acid resistant woven glass backing material, optimized system settings, and upgraded tensioning system.

Result

System optimization and installation of GORE® membrane filter bags resulted in the following improvements to the baghouse and overall production process:

- Furnace extraction has been increased by 41%.
- Eliminated blockage of furnace offtake ducts.
- Hood temperatures have been reduced, leading to a reduction in maintenance under the furnace hoods.
- Stack emissions are well below 5 mg/Nm³.
- The need to reduce furnace power due to constraints imposed by the APC system has been eliminated.

After 7 years the original filter bags are still in operation.



4 semi-closed furnaces for the production Application:

of silicomanganese

Plant Capacity: 130 000 tons SiMn per year

Baghouse: 3 negative pressure reverse air baghouses

Number of bags 1280 bags per baghouses

Temperature: 220° C

Filter area: 33,100 m²

Emissions: Less than 5 mg/Nm³

GORE® membrane filter bags with 339g/m² Filter material:

(10 oz/yd²) acid resistant woven glass

backing material

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